

AKAUN NEGARA – KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR
National Accounts – Gross Domestic Product

NOTA KETERANGAN

1. Jadual

Dua transaksi perakaunan negara yang dibentangkan: Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) dan Perbelanjaan atas Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar. Maklumat ini disediakan dalam bentuk jumlah dan dianalisis masing-masing mengikut jenis industri dan perbelanjaan.

2. Konsep dan Definisi

2.1 Perangkaan Akaun Negara yang disediakan berasaskan struktur, konsep, definisi dan klasifikasi yang digariskan dalam manual "System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA)" yang dikeluarkan oleh Pertubuhan Bangsa-Bangsa Bersatu.

2.2 KDNK merupakan ukuran jumlah nilai keluaran oleh semua unit pengeluaran residen sesebuah negara dalam tempoh tertentu, sebelum ditolak peruntukan untuk penggunaan modal tetap. KDNK boleh diukur dengan menggunakan tiga kaedah yang menghasilkan nilai sama, iaitu, penjumlahan nilai ditambah, penjumlahan perbelanjaan akhir dan penjumlahan pendapatan. Di negara ini, Jabatan Perangkaan menyusun anggaran KDNK suku tahunan dan tahunan dengan menggunakan pendekatan penjumlahan nilai ditambah dan penjumlahan perbelanjaan akhir.

2.3 KDNK berasaskan kepada penjumlahan nilai ditambah (atau pengeluaran) adalah hasil tambah perbezaan antara nilai output kasar unit pengeluaran residen diukur dalam nilai pengeluar dengan nilai penggunaan perantaraan diukur dalam nilai pembeli dan dicampur duti import. Perbezaan antara output kasar dan penggunaan perantaraan adalah nilai ditambah. Pendekatan ini menunjukkan sumbangan aktiviti ekonomi secara individu terhadap keseluruhan KDNK. Jadual 3.1 dan 3.2 menunjukkan kumpulan industri dalam akaun negara bersama-sama dengan nilai mutlak serta perubahan peratusan mengikut tempoh.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. Tables

Two national accounting transactions are presented: Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product. These are provided in total and analysed by industry and by expenditure type respectively.

2. Concepts and Definitions

2.1 The estimates conforms the methodology, concepts, definitions and classifications of "System of National Accounts 1993 (SNA)" manual which was published by United Nations.

2.2 GDP is a measure of the total value of production of all resident producing units of a country in a specified period, before deducting allowances for consumption of fixed capital. GDP can be measured in three but equivalent ways, namely, the sum of value added, the sum of final expenditures and the sum of incomes. In Malaysia, the Department of Statistics compiles quarterly and annual GDP estimates using the sum of value added and the sum of final expenditure approaches.

2.3 The sum of value added (or production) based GDP is the sum of the difference between the value of the gross output of resident producing units measured in producers' values and the value of their intermediate consumption measured in purchasers' values plus import duties. The difference between gross output and intermediate consumption is thus value added. This approach shows the contribution of individual economic activities to total GDP. Tables 3.1 and 3.2 show the industry groups recognised in these national accounts together with the absolute values and the percentage change from period to period.

2.4 Pendekatan berasaskan penjumlahan perbelanjaan akhir (atau perbelanjaan) ialah dengan mencampurkan nilai perbelanjaan akhir barang dan perkhidmatan yang diukur dalam nilai pembeli dan ditolak nilai import c.i.f. barang dan perkhidmatan. Lanya dikira dengan menganggar nilai perbelanjaan penggunaan persendirian, perbelanjaan penggunaan kerajaan, pembentukan modal tetap kasar, perubahan dalam stok dan eksport barang dan perkhidmatan, tolak import barang dan perkhidmatan. Semua ini diistilahkan sebagai kategori "permintaan akhir" atau "perbelanjaan akhir". Jadual 3.3 dan 3.4 menunjukkan jenis kategori perbelanjaan akhir dalam nilai mutlak serta perubahan peratusan.

3. Pengimbangan Anggaran Pengeluaran dan Perbelanjaan

3.1 Secara prinsipnya, kedua-dua pendekatan ini seharusnya menghasilkan jumlah yang sama. Mengikut amalnya, maklumat yang diperoleh oleh perangkawan selalunya akan menghasilkan keputusan yang berbeza. Oleh itu, anggaran awal yang diperoleh telah diselaraskan untuk membolehkan kedua-dua kaedah tersebut menghasilkan ukuran yang sama.

4. Penilaian Transaksi

4.1 Semua anggaran dinyatakan dalam dua nilai :

- harga semasa dalam Ringgit Malaysia
- harga malar dalam Ringgit Malaysia pada tahun 2000

4.2 Dengan menyatakan KDNK dan Perbelanjaan atas KDNK pada harga malar, kesan inflasi dapat disisihkan daripada pengiraan tersebut.

4.3 Prosedur biasa ialah menganggar nilai harga semasa dengan menggunakan maklumat daripada banci industri, akaun kerajaan, penyiasatan isi rumah dan sumber rekod pentadbiran dan perangkaan lain. Anggaran harga semasa tersebut kemudiannya ditukar bagi menghilangkan kesan inflasi dengan menggunakan prosedur deflasi berganda bagi yang mempunyai data, atau menggunakan pendeflasi yang berkaitan atau ukuran kuantiti barang dan perkhidmatan yang dihasilkan oleh industri. Dalam kes lain, ukuran nilai ditambah pada harga 2000 telah dibuat dengan menggunakan ukuran kuantum output kasar yang kemudiannya dinaikkan kepada harga semasa.

2.4 *The sum of final expenditures (expenditure) approach is to sum up the expenditure value of the final users of goods and services measured in purchasers' values, less the c.i.f. value of import of goods and services. It is calculated by estimating the values of private consumption expenditure, government consumption expenditure, gross fixed capital formation, change in stocks and export of goods and services, less import of goods and services. These are termed "final demand" or "final expenditure" categories. Tables 3.3 and 3.4 show the final expenditure categories in absolute values as well as the percentage change.*

3. *Balancing Production and Expenditure Estimates*

3.1 *In principle, both these methods for adding up production should yield the same result. In practice, the information available to statisticians invariably provides different answers. The initial estimates have, therefore, been reconciled to make the two measures equal.*

4. *Valuation of Transactions*

4.1 *The estimates are expressed in two kinds of values :*

- *current price in Malaysian Ringgit*
- *constant price in Malaysian Ringgit of the year 2000*

4.2 *By expressing GDP and Expenditure on GDP in constant prices, the effects of inflation are removed from the measures.*

4.3 *The normal procedure is to estimate the current price values using information from censuses of industries, government accounts, household surveys and other statistical and administrative sources. The current values are then adjusted to remove the effects of inflation by using double deflation where data allows, or using relevant deflators or measures of quantities of goods and services produced by an industry. In other cases, a measure of value added in 2000 prices has been made using quantum measures of gross output and this has been inflated to current prices.*

3.1: KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR MENGIKUT JENIS AKTIVITI EKONOMI PADA HARGA SEMASA
Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Economic Activity at Current Prices

Tahun Year	Jenis Aktiviti Ekonomi Kind of Economic Activity												Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) Pada Harga Pembeli Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Purchasers' Prices
	Pertanian Agriculture	Perombongan dan Kuari Mining and Quarrying	Pembuatan Manufacturing	Pembinaan Construction	Pengangkutan, Penyimpanan dan Komunikasi Transport, Storage and Communication	Kewangan, Insurans, Hartanah dan Perkhidmatan Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services	Utiliti Utilities	Perdagangan Borong dan Runcit, Penginapan dan Restoran Wholesale and Retail Trade, Accommodation and Restaurants	Perkhidmatan - Perkhidmatan Lain Other Services	Perkhidmatan Kerajaan Government Services	Tolak : FISIM yang tidak diagihkan Less : Undistributed FISIM	Campur: Duti Import Plus : Import Duties	
	RM Juta Million												
2006	50,436	85,566	168,736	15,976	38,882	72,331	15,160	72,724	28,978	38,093	18,099	5,659	574,441
2007	64,946	92,402	178,355	18,177	42,652	82,540	16,014	84,432	30,980	44,316	18,736	5,969	642,049
2008	75,611	123,978	194,324	20,605	46,205	89,469	16,950	100,926	33,223	53,237	19,589	7,531	742,470
2009 ^B	64,724	84,102	173,558	22,436	46,649	93,455	17,803	100,518	35,367	55,096	20,733	6,964	679,938
2010 ^D	81,400	96,131	200,028	24,773	50,802	100,754	19,213	111,037	37,421	58,488	21,751	7,669	765,965
2007 Q1	13,180	19,326	41,570	4,137	10,253	20,036	3,843	18,790	7,423	9,553	4,667	1,439	144,884
Q2	15,098	22,474	43,128	4,616	10,513	20,524	3,997	19,848	7,706	9,825	4,811	1,436	154,355
Q3	17,922	22,576	46,273	4,722	10,847	20,579	4,133	22,104	7,865	12,070	4,709	1,586	165,967
Q4	18,745	28,027	47,385	4,702	11,039	21,402	4,041	23,689	7,985	12,869	4,548	1,507	176,842
2008 Q1	19,705	27,725	47,119	4,582	11,341	22,034	4,079	22,944	7,931	12,219	4,888	1,411	176,203
Q2	20,594	33,031	50,062	4,968	11,559	22,013	4,229	24,757	8,272	12,692	4,955	1,974	189,195
Q3	20,965	36,101	51,755	5,600	11,736	22,959	4,466	26,614	8,445	13,237	5,050	2,076	198,904
Q4	14,346	27,121	45,388	5,455	11,569	22,463	4,176	26,611	8,575	15,089	4,697	2,070	178,168
2009 Q1	12,684	21,449	39,739	5,049	11,454	21,785	4,068	22,788	8,508	12,639	4,989	1,618	156,791
Q2	16,520	17,449	41,525	5,394	11,433	23,368	4,481	24,149	8,813	12,931	5,413	1,646	162,297
Q3	17,155	20,634	45,293	5,986	11,746	23,741	4,633	26,184	8,943	14,174	5,366	1,725	174,847
Q4	18,365	24,570	47,000	6,007	12,016	24,561	4,621	27,397	9,104	15,351	4,964	1,974	186,003
2010 Q1	18,298	25,031	48,161	5,672	12,337	24,006	4,675	25,555	9,052	13,609	5,200	1,590	182,787
Q2	18,641	23,314	49,563	6,035	12,490	25,068	4,895	26,757	9,270	14,017	5,679	1,973	186,345
Q3	21,299	23,233	50,487	6,496	12,831	25,852	4,793	28,431	9,453	14,511	5,833	1,857	193,410
Q4	23,161	24,552	51,816	6,570	13,144	25,829	4,850	30,294	9,646	16,351	5,039	2,249	203,422
2011 Q1	24,374	26,454	53,482	6,093	13,170	25,814	4,716	28,457	9,592	14,394	5,406	1,845	202,986

3.1: KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR MENGIKUT JENIS AKTIVITI EKONOMI PADA HARGA SEMASA (SAMB.)
Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Economic Activity at Current Prices (Cont'd)

Tahun Year	Jenis Aktiviti Ekonomi <i>Kind of Economic Activity</i>												Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) Pada Harga Pembeli <i>Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Purchasers' Prices</i>
	Pertanian <i>Agriculture</i>	Perombongan dan Kuari <i>Mining and Quarrying</i>	Pembuatan <i>Manufacturing</i>	Pembinaan <i>Construction</i>	Pengangkutan, Penyimpanan dan Komunikasi <i>Transport, Storage and Communication</i>	Kewangan, Insurans, Hartanah dan Perkhidmatan Perniagaan <i>Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services</i>	Utiliti <i>Utilities</i>	Perdagangan Borong dan Runcit, Penginapan dan Restoran <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade, Accommodation and Restaurants</i>	Perkhidmatan Lain <i>Other Services</i>	Perkhidmatan Kerajaan <i>Government Services</i>	Tolak yang tidak diagihkan <i>Less : Undistributed FISIM</i>	FISIM <i>FISIM</i>	
	Perubahan peratusan dari suku tahun yang sama tahun sebelumnya <i>Percentage change from corresponding quarter of preceding year</i>												
2006	15.0	14.0	9.1	1.9	8.1	10.7	5.8	9.3	5.2	10.7	4.5	-11.2	10.0
2007	28.8	8.0	5.7	13.8	9.7	14.1	5.6	16.1	6.9	16.3	3.5	5.5	11.8
2008	16.4	34.2	9.0	13.4	8.3	8.4	5.8	19.5	7.2	20.1	4.6	26.2	15.6
2009 ^e	-14.4	-32.2	-10.7	8.9	1.0	4.5	5.0	-0.4	6.5	3.5	5.8	-7.5	-8.4
2010 ^p	25.8	14.3	15.3	10.4	8.9	7.8	7.9	10.5	5.8	6.2	4.9	10.1	12.7
2007 Q1	15.9	-8.4	4.2	13.5	6.6	17.2	7.0	13.1	5.1	7.3	5.8	0.3	6.6
Q2	24.5	6.3	3.2	13.5	10.0	13.9	6.2	14.1	6.8	3.6	2.3	1.9	9.3
Q3	26.8	-0.9	5.5	14.8	10.9	12.0	4.1	17.7	7.9	26.2	-0.8	8.3	11.1
Q4	46.4	36.5	9.7	13.2	11.2	13.6	5.3	18.8	7.8	26.8	7.4	11.7	19.6
2008 Q1	49.5	43.5	13.3	10.8	10.6	10.0	6.1	22.1	6.8	27.9	4.7	-1.9	21.6
Q2	36.4	47.0	16.1	7.6	9.9	7.3	5.8	24.7	7.3	29.2	3.0	37.4	22.6
Q3	17.0	59.9	11.8	18.6	8.2	11.6	8.1	20.4	7.4	9.7	7.2	30.9	19.8
Q4	-23.5	-3.2	-4.2	16.0	4.8	5.0	3.3	12.3	7.4	17.3	3.3	37.3	0.7
2009 Q1	-35.6	-22.6	-15.7	10.2	1.0	-1.1	-0.3	-0.7	7.3	3.4	2.1	14.7	-11.0
Q2	-19.8	-47.2	-17.1	8.6	-1.1	6.2	6.0	-2.5	6.5	1.9	9.3	-16.6	-14.2
Q3	-18.2	-42.8	-12.5	6.9	0.1	3.4	3.7	-1.6	5.9	7.1	6.3	-16.9	-12.1
Q4	28.0	-9.4	3.6	10.1	3.9	9.3	10.7	3.0	6.2	1.7	5.7	-4.6	4.4
2010 Q1	44.3	16.7	21.2	12.3	7.7	10.2	14.9	12.1	6.4	7.7	4.2	-1.7	16.6
Q2	12.8	33.6	19.4	11.9	9.2	7.3	9.3	10.8	5.2	8.4	4.9	19.8	14.8
Q3	24.2	12.6	11.5	8.5	9.2	8.9	3.5	8.6	5.7	2.4	8.7	7.6	10.6
Q4	26.1	-0.1	10.2	9.4	9.4	5.2	4.9	10.6	6.0	6.5	1.5	13.9	9.4
2011 Q1	33.2	5.7	11.0	7.4	6.8	7.5	0.9	11.4	6.0	5.8	4.0	16.0	11.1

3.2: KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR MENGIKUT JENIS AKTIVITI EKONOMI PADA HARGA MALAR 2000

Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Economic Activity at Constant 2000 Prices

Tahun Year	Jenis Aktiviti Ekonomi Kind of Economic Activity												Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) Pada Harga Pembeli Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Purchasers' Prices	
	Pertanian Agriculture	Perombongan dan Kuari Mining and Quarrying	Pembuatan Manufacturing	Pembinaan Construction	Pengangkutan, Penyimpanan dan Komunikasi Transport, Storage and Communication	Kewangan, Insurans, Hartanah dan Perkhidmatan Perniagaan Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services	Utiliti Utilities	Perdagangan Borong dan Runcit, Penginapan dan Restoran Wholesale and Retail Trade, Accommodation and Restaurants	Perkhidmatan - Perkhidmatan Lain Other Services	Perkhidmatan Kerajaan Government Services	Tolak : FISIM yang tidak diagihkan Less : Undistributed FISIM	FISIM Plus : Import Duties		
RM Juta Million														
2006	37,701	42,030	147,154	14,639	35,185	71,253	14,523	65,492	27,234	33,412	18,385	5,287	475,526	
2007	38,177	42,881	151,257	15,707	38,191	80,893	15,106	74,380	28,737	35,099	19,607	5,521	506,341	
2008	39,825	41,831	153,078	16,365	40,974	85,996	15,475	82,040	30,252	38,335	20,412	6,924	530,683	
2009 ^e	40,083	39,209	138,784	17,329	41,713	90,004	15,604	83,472	31,580	39,671	21,897	6,449	522,001	
2010 ^p	40,916	39,270	154,640	18,220	44,944	96,194	16,879	89,779	32,833	41,981	23,171	7,068	559,554	
2007	Q1	8,771	10,679	36,189	3,570	9,244	19,822	3,640	16,800	6,938	8,376	4,815	1,342	120,555
	Q2	9,197	10,510	37,334	3,989	9,456	20,099	3,804	17,623	7,171	8,632	4,847	1,330	124,299
	Q3	10,399	10,477	39,231	4,083	9,680	20,227	3,873	19,451	7,272	8,753	4,913	1,460	129,994
	Q4	9,809	11,216	38,503	4,065	9,811	20,744	3,790	20,506	7,356	9,337	5,033	1,389	131,493
2008	Q1	9,366	10,865	38,592	3,804	10,104	21,531	3,819	19,178	7,288	8,815	5,114	1,307	129,556
	Q2	9,802	10,186	39,483	4,122	10,272	21,477	3,970	19,952	7,556	9,156	5,127	1,812	132,661
	Q3	10,778	10,347	39,966	4,336	10,375	21,621	3,969	21,182	7,662	9,511	5,000	1,904	136,651
	Q4	9,879	10,432	35,036	4,103	10,224	21,367	3,717	21,727	7,746	10,853	5,171	1,901	131,815
2009	Q1	8,979	10,097	31,668	3,854	10,171	21,454	3,521	19,016	7,662	9,105	5,406	1,467	121,587
	Q2	9,860	9,610	33,741	4,308	10,265	22,420	3,943	20,094	7,889	9,316	5,446	1,524	127,526
	Q3	10,761	9,676	36,542	4,681	10,533	22,666	4,065	21,823	7,961	10,197	5,480	1,613	135,038
	Q4	10,483	9,827	36,831	4,485	10,744	23,464	4,075	22,540	8,069	11,053	5,566	1,845	137,850
2010	Q1	9,630	10,193	37,097	4,187	10,915	23,450	4,114	20,725	8,020	9,799	5,633	1,416	133,912
	Q2	10,133	9,756	39,126	4,483	11,149	23,935	4,299	21,769	8,176	10,058	5,812	1,901	138,972
	Q3	11,082	9,609	39,306	4,814	11,319	24,108	4,221	23,044	8,254	10,398	5,828	1,807	142,134
	Q4	10,072	9,713	39,111	4,736	11,561	24,701	4,245	24,241	8,384	11,726	5,899	1,944	144,535
2011	Q1	9,604	9,884	39,086	4,347	11,513	25,188	4,131	22,044	8,332	10,323	5,993	1,645	140,105

3.2: KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR MENGIKUT JENIS AKTIVITI EKONOMI PADA HARGA MALAR 2000 (SAMB.)
Gross Domestic Product by Kind of Economic Activity at Constant 2000 Prices (Cont'd)

Tahun Year	Jenis Aktiviti Ekonomi Kind of Economic Activity												Keluaran Dalam Negeri Kasar (KDNK) Pada Harga Pembeli Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Purchasers' Prices
	Pertanian <i>Agriculture</i>	Perombongan dan Kuari <i>Mining and Quarrying</i>	Pembuatan <i>Manufacturing</i>	Pembinaan <i>Construction</i>	Pengangkutan, Penyimpanan dan Komunikasi <i>Transport, Storage and Communication</i>	Kewangan, Insurans, Hartanah dan Perkhidmatan Perniagaan <i>Finance, Insurance, Real Estate and Business Services</i>	Utiliti <i>Utilities</i>	Perdagangan Borong dan Runcit, Penginapan dan Restoran <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade, Accommodation and Restaurants</i>	Perkhidmatan - Perkhidmatan Lain <i>Other Services</i>	Perkhidmatan Kerajaan <i>Government Services</i>	Tolak : FISIM yang tidak diagihkan Less : Undistributed FISIM	Campur: Duti Import Plus : Import Duties	
Perubahan peratusan dari suku tahun yang sama tahun sebelumnya Percentage change from corresponding quarter of preceding year													
2006	5.2	-1.0	6.7	-0.3	7.0	8.7	4.9	6.8	4.5	10.0	3.6	-12.1	5.8
2007	1.3	2.0	2.8	7.3	8.5	13.5	4.0	13.6	5.5	5.0	6.7	4.4	6.5
2008	4.3	-2.4	1.2	4.2	7.3	6.3	2.4	10.3	5.3	9.2	4.1	25.4	4.8
2009 ^e	0.6	-6.3	-9.3	5.9	1.8	4.7	0.8	1.7	4.4	3.5	7.3	-6.9	-1.6
2010 ^p	2.1	0.2	11.4	5.1	7.7	6.9	8.2	7.6	4.0	5.8	5.8	9.6	7.2
2007 Q1	2.9	-1.1	1.7	5.2	5.6	16.7	4.3	10.4	4.0	7.2	6.9	-1.3	5.7
Q2	-2.4	5.9	1.3	6.3	8.6	14.3	4.5	13.2	5.6	3.9	7.6	1.1	5.9
Q3	1.0	0.6	2.8	9.1	10.1	13.1	2.9	16.1	6.4	4.4	7.1	7.8	6.8
Q4	3.8	2.9	5.3	8.4	9.9	10.3	4.3	14.2	6.1	4.8	5.1	10.4	7.5
2008 Q1	6.8	1.7	6.6	6.6	9.3	8.6	4.9	14.2	5.0	5.2	6.2	-2.6	7.5
Q2	6.6	-3.1	5.8	3.3	8.6	6.9	4.4	13.2	5.4	6.1	5.8	36.3	6.7
Q3	3.6	-1.2	1.9	6.2	7.2	6.9	2.5	8.9	5.4	8.7	1.8	30.3	5.1
Q4	0.7	-7.0	-9.0	0.9	4.2	3.0	-1.9	6.0	5.3	16.2	2.8	36.8	0.2
2009 Q1	-4.1	-7.1	-17.9	1.3	0.7	-0.4	-7.8	-0.8	5.1	3.3	5.7	12.2	-6.2
Q2	0.6	-5.7	-14.5	4.5	-0.1	4.4	-0.7	0.7	4.4	1.7	6.2	-15.9	-3.9
Q3	-0.2	-6.5	-8.6	8.0	1.5	4.8	2.4	3.0	3.9	7.2	9.6	-15.3	-1.2
Q4	6.1	-5.8	5.1	9.3	5.1	9.8	9.6	3.7	4.2	1.8	7.6	-2.9	4.6
2010 Q1	7.2	1.0	17.1	8.6	7.3	9.3	16.8	9.0	4.7	7.6	4.2	-3.5	10.1
Q2	2.8	1.5	16.0	4.1	8.6	6.8	9.0	8.3	3.6	8.0	6.7	24.7	9.0
Q3	3.0	-0.7	7.6	2.8	7.5	6.4	3.8	5.6	3.7	2.0	6.3	12.0	5.3
Q4	-3.9	-1.2	6.2	5.6	7.6	5.3	4.2	7.5	3.9	6.1	6.0	5.4	4.8
2011 Q1	-0.3	-3.0	5.4	3.8	5.5	7.4	0.4	6.4	3.9	5.3	6.4	16.2	4.6

3.3: PERBELANJAAN ATAS KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR PADA HARGA SEMASA

Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product at Current Prices

Tahun Year	Jenis Perbelanjaan Type of Expenditure												
	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Kerajaan Government Final Consumption Expenditure	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Swasta Private Final Consumption Expenditure	Perubahan dalam Inventori ¹ Changes in inventories	Pembentukan Modal Tetap Kasar Gross Fixed Capital Formation	Eksport Barang dan Perkhidmatan Exports of Goods and Services	Import Barang dan Perkhidmatan Imports of Goods and Services	Perbelanjaan atas KDNK pada Harga Pembeli Expenditure on GDP at Purchasers' Prices	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Kerajaan Government Final Consumption Expenditure	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Swasta Private Final Consumption Expenditure	Pembentukan Modal Tetap Kasar Gross Fixed Capital Formation	Eksport Barangan dan Perkhidmatan Exports of Goods and Services	Import Barangan dan Perkhidmatan Imports of Goods and Services	Perbelanjaan atas KDNK pada Harga Pembeli Expenditure on GDP at Purchasers' Prices
	RM Juta Million	Perubahan peratusan dari suku tahun yang sama tahun sebelumnya Percentage change from corresponding quarter of preceding year											
2006	68,609	258,280	-1,722	119,213	669,505	539,443	574,441	6.3	10.3	11.2	9.1	9.1	10.0
2007	78,396	293,040	10	138,393	706,382	574,172	642,049	14.3	13.5	16.1	5.5	6.4	11.8
2008	91,855	335,213	-1,948	145,414	766,096	594,160	742,470	17.2	14.4	5.1	8.5	3.5	15.6
2009 ^e	95,918	339,395	-39,288	137,504	655,336	508,927	679,938	4.4	1.2	-5.4	-14.5	-14.3	-8.4
2010 ^P	97,513	367,991	8,443	155,594	745,311	608,886	765,965	1.7	8.4	13.2	13.7	19.6	12.7
2007 Q1	14,107	69,348	3,496	31,614	161,404	135,084	144,884	8.3	8.9	14.2	3.9	7.8	6.6
Q2	16,192	70,074	1,616	35,064	170,581	139,171	154,355	11.1	13.4	12.6	5.7	3.8	9.3
Q3	20,300	75,872	-3,882	36,324	184,680	147,328	165,967	18.2	17.9	19.5	3.2	3.9	11.1
Q4	27,797	77,746	-1,220	35,390	189,717	152,589	176,842	16.6	13.6	18.1	9.2	10.4	19.6
2008 Q1	18,265	79,725	7,747	36,048	176,367	141,948	176,203	29.5	15.0	14.0	9.3	5.1	21.6
Q2	20,193	80,434	-745	39,048	201,945	151,679	189,195	24.7	14.8	11.4	18.4	9.0	22.6
Q3	21,850	88,706	-213	38,613	212,123	162,176	198,904	7.6	16.9	6.3	14.9	10.1	19.8
Q4	31,548	86,348	-8,737	31,705	175,662	138,357	178,168	13.5	11.1	-10.4	-7.4	-9.3	0.7
2009 Q1	18,796	81,910	-15,932	32,073	146,227	106,283	156,791	2.9	2.7	-11.0	-17.1	-25.1	-11.0
Q2	20,653	81,801	-10,277	35,423	154,012	119,315	162,297	2.3	1.7	-9.3	-23.7	-21.3	-14.2
Q3	24,338	88,157	-7,118	35,483	169,142	135,156	174,847	11.4	-0.6	-8.1	-20.3	-16.7	-12.1
Q4	32,130	87,527	-5,961	34,525	185,955	148,174	186,003	1.8	1.4	8.9	5.9	7.1	4.4
2010 Q1	20,371	86,782	-3,914	35,122	183,319	138,892	182,787	8.4	5.9	9.5	25.4	30.7	16.6
Q2	22,379	89,282	4,086	40,818	182,885	153,106	186,345	8.4	9.1	15.2	18.7	28.3	14.8
Q3	22,099	96,375	5,510	40,404	186,513	157,491	193,410	-9.2	9.3	13.9	10.3	16.5	10.6
Q4	32,664	95,552	2,761	39,249	192,593	159,397	203,422	1.7	9.2	13.7	3.6	7.6	9.4
2011 Q1	21,888	95,819	5,627	38,565	196,031	154,944	202,986	7.4	10.4	9.8	6.9	11.6	11.1

¹ Termasuk perbezaan perangkaan hasil daripada pengimbangan
Includes statistical discrepancy arising from balancing

3.4: PERBELANJAAN ATAS KELUARAN DALAM NEGERI KASAR PADA HARGA MALAR 2000

Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product at Constant 2000 Prices

Tahun Year	Jenis Perbelanjaan Type of Expenditure												
	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Kerajaan Government Final Consumption Expenditure	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Swasta Private Final Consumption Expenditure	Perubahan dalam Inventori ¹ Changes in inventories	Pembentukan Modal Tetap Kasar Gross Fixed Capital Formation	Eksport Barang dan Perkhidmatan Exports of Goods and Services	Import Barang dan Perkhidmatan Imports of Goods and Services	Perbelanjaan atas KDNK pada Harga Pembeli Expenditure on GDP at Purchasers' Prices	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Kerajaan Government Final Consumption Expenditure	Perbelanjaan Penggunaan Akhir Swasta Private Final Consumption Expenditure	Pembentukan Modal Tetap Kasar Gross Fixed Capital Formation	Eksport Barangan dan Perkhidmatan Exports of Goods and Services	Import Barangan dan Perkhidmatan Imports of Goods and Services	Perbelanjaan atas KDNK pada Harga Pembeli Expenditure on GDP at Purchasers' Prices
	RM	Juta Million											
2006	61,332	230,948	257	106,750	590,784	514,544	475,526	5.0	6.8	7.5	6.6	8.1	5.8
2007	65,381	255,263	-770	116,751	614,815	545,099	506,341	6.6	10.5	9.4	4.1	5.9	6.5
2008	71,877	277,540	-5,466	118,077	625,370	556,715	530,683	9.9	8.7	1.1	1.7	2.1	4.8
2009 ^e	74,669	279,361	-14,391	111,516	559,537	488,691	522,001	3.9	0.7	-5.6	-10.5	-12.2	-1.6
2010 ^p	75,009	297,604	11,891	122,443	614,988	562,382	559,554	0.5	6.5	9.8	9.9	15.1	7.2
2007 Q1	12,632	61,184	4,116	27,647	142,633	127,656	120,555	7.3	7.6	9.5	2.4	5.4	5.7
Q2	14,452	60,851	2,984	29,656	148,915	132,559	124,299	10.4	10.3	5.8	3.4	3.7	5.9
Q3	16,201	65,755	-3,850	30,455	160,578	139,145	129,994	6.1	14.3	12.1	2.9	3.8	6.8
Q4	22,097	67,472	-4,020	28,993	162,689	145,738	131,493	4.2	9.9	10.2	7.5	10.7	7.5
2008 Q1	14,292	68,211	-1,756	29,367	150,535	131,093	129,556	13.1	11.5	6.2	5.5	2.7	7.5
Q2	15,801	66,717	-1,494	31,659	162,435	142,457	132,661	9.3	9.6	6.8	9.1	7.5	6.7
Q3	17,098	71,357	-820	31,179	168,449	150,612	136,651	5.5	8.5	2.4	4.9	8.2	5.1
Q4	24,686	71,254	-1,396	25,872	143,951	132,553	131,815	11.7	5.6	-10.8	-11.5	-9.0	0.2
2009 Q1	14,626	67,739	-12,598	26,001	126,798	100,978	121,587	2.3	-0.7	-11.5	-15.8	-23.0	-6.2
Q2	16,149	66,887	-1,657	28,433	132,935	115,221	127,526	2.2	0.3	-10.2	-18.2	-19.1	-3.9
Q3	18,842	72,349	48	28,801	145,702	130,705	135,038	10.2	1.4	-7.6	-13.5	-13.2	-1.2
Q4	25,052	72,386	-184	28,281	154,103	141,787	137,850	1.5	1.6	9.3	7.1	7.0	4.6
2010 Q1	15,614	71,228	-2,380	27,519	151,017	129,085	133,912	6.7	5.2	5.8	19.1	27.8	10.1
Q2	17,323	72,177	7,049	32,087	151,549	141,213	138,972	7.3	7.9	12.9	14.0	22.6	9.0
Q3	16,990	77,211	5,834	31,715	155,676	145,293	142,134	-9.8	6.7	10.1	6.8	11.2	5.3
Q4	25,082	76,988	1,388	31,122	156,746	146,791	144,535	0.1	6.4	10.0	1.7	3.5	4.8
2011 Q1	16,566	75,991	1,610	29,317	156,550	139,929	140,105	6.1	6.7	6.5	3.7	8.4	4.6

¹ Termasuk perbezaan perangkaan hasil daripada pengimbangan
Includes statistical discrepancy arising from balancing